

Exercises – Phylogenetics

Universität Bielefeld, WS 2016/2017,
M. Sc. Tizian Schulz

<https://gi.cebitec.uni-bielefeld.de/Teaching/2016winter/Phylogenetik>

Exercise Sheet 9 — 10.01.2017

Due: 17.01.2017

Task 1 Neighbor Joining.

(5 points)

Use *Neighbor Joining* to reconstruct a phylogenetic tree from the following matrix. Write down all steps.

	A	B	C	D	E
A:	0	8	4	8	4
B:		0	8	6	6
C:			0	8	4
D:				0	6
E:					0

Task 2 Fitch-Margoliash.

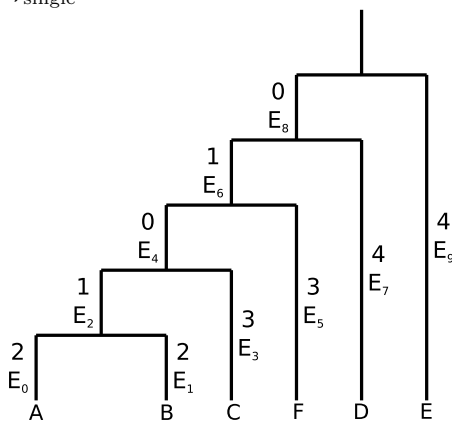
(3 points)

On exercise sheet 8, different agglomerative clustering methods have been used for a tree reconstruction. For the given matrix d^M , the methods *single linkage* and *WPGMA* can result in the trees $\mathcal{T}_{\text{single}}$ and $\mathcal{T}_{\text{WPGMA}}$, respectively.

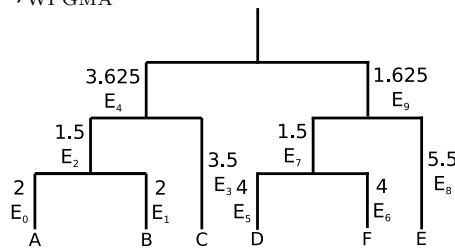
$$d^M :=$$

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A:	0	4	8	18	18	6
B:		0	6	12	8	8
C:			0	18	18	12
D:				0	10	8
E:					0	12
F:						0

$\mathcal{T}_{\text{single}} =$



$\mathcal{T}_{\text{WPGMA}} =$



Calculate the *least squares* error $E := \|\vec{d}^T - \vec{d}^M\|^2$ (according to Fitch and Margoliash) for both trees. You do not need to write down matrix M^T and vector \vec{w} explicitly.

Which tree is the “better” one?

Please turn over! Bitte wenden!

Task 3 Minimum Evolution.**(5 points)**

Write a linear program (LP) that calculates the *minimum evolution tree* (ME tree) for the distance matrix from Task 2 and the tree topology resulting for the single linkage method.

Use an online solver to get a solution for it, for instance:

- <http://www.zweigmedia.com/RealWorld/simplex.html> or
- <http://www.phpsimplex.com/simplex/simplex.htm?l=en>.

Send your LP to your T.A.¹

What are the minimum total edge length and the individual edge lengths?

In comparison, the resulting topology for WPGMA has a total edge length of 37. Compare these results and the results from Task 2.

¹jeschulz[at]techfak... | ssimon[at]techfak...