(6 P)

Algorithms for Genome Rearrangement Summer 2017

Exercises

Exercise 06, 26.05.2017

1. Given the following two genomes:

$$A = (\circ 11 - 12 \circ) (\circ 2 3 - 4 5 6 7 \circ) (-9 - 10 1 8)$$

$$B = (1 2 5 3 - 4 6 7) (\circ 8 - 9 - 10 11 - 12 \circ)$$

- (a) draw the genome graph of A and B,
- (b) draw the adjacency graph of A and B.
- (c) What is the DCJ distance between A and B?
- (d) Give an optimal DCJ sorting scenario from A to B and name the operations in your sorting scenario.
- (e) If any of your intermediate genomes contains a circular intermediate chromosome, try to find an alternative optimal scenario that does not contain such a chromosome.
- 2. Given a genome A with l linear chromosomes, and B with k linear chromosomes, (2 P) how many paths does the adjacency graph AG(A, B) have?
- 3. How many different optimal DCJ sorting scenarios exist for the following two genomes? (2 P)

$$\begin{array}{rcl} A & = & (\circ \ 1 \ \circ) & (\circ \ 4 \ 3 \ 2 \ 5 \ \circ) \\ B & = & (\circ \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ \circ) \end{array}$$

Hand in solutions before the guest lecture on 02.06.2017