

Algorithms in Comparative Genomics

Universität Bielefeld, SS 2024

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<https://gi.cebitec.uni-bielefeld.de/teaching/2024summer/cg>

Exercise sheet 2, 21.04.2023

Exercise 1 (Breakpoint and SCJ distances)

(3 pts)

Given two canonical genomes

$$\mathbb{A} = [3 \ 4 \ \bar{8}] \ [2 \ 1 \ 7 \ 5 \ 6] \ (11 \ 12 \ \bar{13} \ 9 \ 10) \ [\bar{15} \ \bar{14}] \quad \text{and}$$

$$\mathbb{B} = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5] \ (6 \ 7) \ [8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15],$$

1. What is the breakpoint distance between \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} ?
2. What is the SCJ distance between \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} ?
3. Explain the difference between the two distances (if any).

Exercise 2 (Bounds for SCJ distance)

(4 pts)

Theoretical bounds for the SCJ distance with respect to the breakpoint distance are

$$d_{\text{BP}}(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{B}) \leq d_{\text{SCJ}}(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{B}) \leq 2d_{\text{BP}}(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{B}).$$

Give examples of pairs of mutually distinct genomes showing that these bounds are tight.

Exercise 3 (SCJ median)

(8 pts)

Consider the following canonical genomes:

$$\mathbb{G}_1 = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5], \quad \mathbb{G}_2 = [1 \ 2 \ \bar{3} \ 5 \ 4], \quad \mathbb{G}_3 = [2 \ \bar{3} \ 1 \ 4 \ 5] \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbb{G}_4 = [2 \ 3 \ \bar{1} \ 4 \ 5].$$

Now let $\mathcal{S}^3 = \{\mathbb{G}_1, \mathbb{G}_2, \mathbb{G}_3\}$ and $\mathcal{S}^4 = \mathcal{S}^3 \cup \{\mathbb{G}_4\}$.

For each of the two sets \mathcal{S}^3 and \mathcal{S}^4 :

1. Compute a general SCJ median $\mathbb{M}_{\text{SCJ}}^k$ of \mathcal{S}^k .
2. Is there another SCJ median of \mathcal{S}^k that is distinct from $\mathbb{M}_{\text{SCJ}}^k$?
(Justify your answer by giving a distinct median or explaining why it does not exist.)
3. Is $\mathbb{M}_{\text{SCJ}}^3$ also a breakpoint median of $\mathbb{G}_1, \mathbb{G}_2$ and \mathbb{G}_3 ?

If *no*: Compute a breakpoint median of $\mathbb{G}_1, \mathbb{G}_2$ and \mathbb{G}_3 .

If *yes*: Is there another breakpoint median of $\mathbb{G}_1, \mathbb{G}_2$ and \mathbb{G}_3 that is distinct from $\mathbb{M}_{\text{SCJ}}^3$?
(Justify your answer by giving a distinct median or explaining why it does not exist.)

Exercise 4 (Linear SCJ Median)

(3 pts)

Find a polynomial time algorithm to calculate the linear SCJ median for k canonical genomes $\mathbb{G}_1 \dots \mathbb{G}_k$, that is, the genome \mathbb{M}_l consisting only of linear chromosomes that minimizes $m_l(\mathbb{M}_l) = \sum_{i=1}^k d_{\text{SCJ}}(\mathbb{M}_l, \mathbb{G}_i)$.