

Algorithms in Comparative Genomics

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<https://gi.cebitec.uni-bielefeld.de/teaching/2025summer/cg>

Exercise sheet 6, discussion: 06.06.2025

Exercise 1 (Study the DCJ-indel model by hand)

Consider the linear genomes $\mathbb{A} = [1 \quad x \quad \bar{2} \quad y \quad 3]$ and $\mathbb{B} = [1 \quad w \quad 2 \quad z \quad 3]$.

1. Draw the relational graph $AG(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{B})$. What is the DCJ-indel distance between \mathbb{A} and \mathbb{B} ?
2. Find an optimal scenario with 3 indels, applying only optimal DCJs. Redraw the relational graph after the first DCJ.
3. Find an optimal scenario with 2 indels. Redraw the relational graph after the first DCJ.
(*Hint: Find a neutral DCJ that reduces the number of runs.*)

Exercise 2 (DCJ-indel potential)

Prove the formula for the DCJ-indel potential λ of a cycle C of the adjacency graph $AG(A, B)$,

$$\lambda(C) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \Lambda(C) = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } \Lambda(C) = 1 \\ \frac{\Lambda(C)}{2} + 1 & \text{otherwise } (\Lambda(C) \text{ even}) \end{cases},$$

where $\Lambda(C)$ is the number of runs of indels in C .

How does the corresponding formula for a path P with $\Lambda(P)$ runs look like?

Exercise 3 (Triangle inequality)

Consider the two genomes $\mathbb{A} = [1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6]$ and $\mathbb{B} = [\bar{3} \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad \bar{6} \quad 5]$.

1. Find a third genome \mathbb{C} such that the triangle inequality for the DCJ-indel distance does not hold, i.e.

$$d_{\text{DCJ}}^{\text{ID}}(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{B}) > d_{\text{DCJ}}^{\text{ID}}(\mathbb{A}, \mathbb{C}) + d_{\text{DCJ}}^{\text{ID}}(\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{B}).$$

2. Remember the function $m_{\text{DCJ}}^{\text{ID}}$ from class such that the triangle inequality holds for any set of three singular genomes. Which distances do you get for the genomes \mathbb{A} , \mathbb{B} and \mathbb{C} from above?